1	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF CLACKAMAS
3	
4	TIMOTHY ROTE,
5	Plaintiff,) Clackamas County) Circuit Court
6	v.) No. 22CV17744
7	MAX ZWEIZIG,
8	Defendant.)
9	
10	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
11	BE IT REMEMBERED that the above-entitled
12	Court and cause came on regularly for hearing before
13	the Honorable Leslie M. Roberts, on Wednesday, the
14	5th day of April, 2023, at the Clackamas County
15	Courthouse, Courtroom No. 4, Oregon City, Oregon.
16	
17	APPEARANCES
18	Timothy Rote, Pro Se, Appearing on his own behalf;
19	Chase Beguin, Attorney at Law,
20	Appearing on behalf of the Defendant.
21	
22	
23	KR Transcription
24	(971) 285-5256
25	Proceedings recorded on digital audio recording; transcript provided by legal transcriptionist.

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(Wednesday, April 5, 2023, 2:28 p.m.) 1 2 PROCEEDINGS 3 (Whereupon, the following proceedings were held in open court:) 4 5 (TRANSCRIBER'S NOTE: The audio record begins midsentence.) 6 7 THE COURT: -- the judgment motion in the case of Rote versus Zweizig, Case No. 22CV17744. I'll 8 ask to -- each to simply state your name and who 9 you're appearing for. 10 11 And we'll start with plaintiff, Mr. Rote. 12 MR. ROTE: Timothy Rote, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: And, Mr. -- oh. Okay. 14 Mr. Beguin. Unmute yourself and state your name. I'm 15 not hearing you. Can you unmute? I'm sorry, even when you're unmuted, I'm not getting a sound. Make 16 17 sure that your computer isn't -- the sound on your 18 computer isn't muted. THE DEFENDANT: This is Max, Your Honor. I 19 20 have to use the button at the bottom. The icon on the 21 screen does not work. So it just might be -- you have 22 to use that button at the bottom of the screen for 23 unmute. My interface may be different. 24 THE COURT: Mr. Beguin, do you see at the 25 bottom of the screen the mute and unmute button?

It's -- it's green if it's working and it's red if 1 it's muted. Yeah, I still can't -- I can't quite read 2 3 your lips, but I can't hear you. Make sure that your microphone on your computer is not --4 5 THE DEFENDANT: I also see a hotkey of 6 control-M that you might try. It says control-M on 7 the tool tip. And make sure you're on the right microphone. 8 (Pause in proceedings, 2:31 p.m. -9 2:32 p.m.) 10 11 THE COURT: Okay. THE CLERK: And, Judge, this is Elliott 12 13 (phonetic). I have a suggestion. If Mr. Beguin wants 14 to e-mail me his cell phone number, I can call him 15 through Webex and then we can get the audio from him 16 that way. 17 THE COURT: Okay. THE CLERK: He'll just need to put his 18 computer sound on off so we don't get feedback. 19 20 THE COURT: I don't think we'll have a 21 problem with his computer sound. 22 THE CLERK: Okay. I'm calling now. It should be a (408) area code. 23 24 MR. BEGUIN: Can you guys hear me now? THE COURT: Yes. 25

1 MR. BEGUIN: Sorry about that. I have no 2 idea why my audio has decided to stop working all of 3 a sudden.

THE CLERK: And, now, you need to turn the sound off of your computer since the audio from your computer is making the feedback loop.

7 MR. BEGUIN: Okay. I -- I've got it down 8 and I'll -- I'll leave it up for when I'm not speaking 9 and turn it back on for when it's my turn if that's 10 okay with Your Honor.

11THE COURT: That -- that'll be fine.12That'll work.

13 All right. Now, for Mr. Rote's benefit in 14 particular, I'll go over quickly how we are going to 15 proceed. We have a period of time set for this motion 16 and we're going to use it in this way. The moving 17 party, which in this case is defense, will go first.

18 While he is speaking, we'll have no 19 interruptions from anybody other than me. I get to 20 interrupt, but otherwise we'll finish his argument. 21 Then we will hear from the plaintiff's response and, 22 similarly, we will not have interruptions during that. 23 And then, finally, we'll hear from the 24 movant for a brief reply. That is how we conduct

these hearings and that's how we will conduct this

1 hearing. As long as we are in this -- these 2 proceedings, we will observe decorum, which includes 3 not relying upon any evidence which has not been submitted and also not engaging in anything that is 4 5 irrelevant to the issues here or derogatory toward other persons. You can disagree without invectives. 6 So with that said, I will -- I'll hear from 7 8 the moving party. Thank you, Your Honor. 9 MR. BEGUIN: Can everybody still hear me clearly? 10 THE COURT: I can hear you. 11 12 MR. ROTE: (Indiscernible). Thank you. Your Honor, here 13 MR. BEGUIN: this is clearly a case of retaliatory suit by the 14 15 plaintiff in an attempt to distract the Court and 16 defendant, Mr. Zweizig, from the \$1.2 million punitive 17 judgment that my client has against the plaintiff from 18 previous between -- proceedings between the parties. 19 My client has been the victim of the plaintiffs, weaponized this information for years, 20 21 as evident in the pleadings filed by the plaintiff 22 in this case, which themselves make unsubstantiated 23 claims in the public record and don't even have basis on a claim for wrongful initiation of civil 24 25 proceeding, which is before the Court today.

Regarding the standard for summary judgment before us today, ORCP 47 requires that summary judgment be granted in favor of the moving party if the pleadings, depositions, affidavits and admissions on file show that there are no genuine issues as to any material facts and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law.

In determining whether a -- a material fact 8 exists, ORCP 47 provides no genuine issue as to a 9 material fact exists if, based upon the record before 10 the Court, viewed in the manner most favorable to the 11 12 adverse party, no objectively reasonable juror could 13 return a verdict for the adverse party on that matter that is subject to the motion. This is citing Jones 14 15 v. General Motor Corp.

16THE COURT: Yeah, you're pretty much --17MR. BEGUIN: The phrase "genuine issue" --18THE COURT: Just a second.

19 MR. BEGUIN: Yes.

20 THE COURT: You can assume that I am very 21 familiar with the rule and the authorities for it.

22 MR. BEGUIN: That is entirely fine. I'll 23 skip past all procedural arguments, Your Honor. As 24 Your Honor and the opposing side is well aware, the 25 requirements for the wrongful initiation of civil

proceedings are commenced in a prosecution of a
 judicial proceeding, termination of the proceeding
 in plaintiff's favor, absence of probable cause,
 existence of malice and damages.

5 In the current matter before the Court, 6 plaintiff has not presented any evidence such to 7 establish that there are any genuine issues of 8 material fact regarding whether defendant underwent 9 any litigation against the plaintiff with the 10 existence of malice or without probable cause.

11 This failure to present supporting evidence 12 cannot lead an objectively reasonable juror to 13 possibly return a favor -- a favorable verdict for the 14 plaintiff in this matter. In fact, plaintiff has not 15 even attempted to put forth any substantial evidence 16 for either of these claims so far in the proceeding.

17 Regarding probable cause requirement, the 18 Court requires that for purposes of a claim for 19 wrongful initiation of civil proceeding, probable cause means that the person initiating the civil 20 21 action reasonably believes that he or she had a good 22 chance of prevailing or that she had -- meaning that 23 he or she had the objective -- excuse me -- that he or she subjectively has that belief and that belief is 24 25 objectively reasonable.

Defendant's previous actions brought against plaintiff here meet this element fully. As stated in defendant's declaration, Mr. Zweizig has always acted within his legal rights and within reasonable belief to attempt to enforce a judgment against the plaintiff that defendant had acquired in a previous lawsuit.

7 Defendant Zweizig, who was represented in 8 the previous proceedings against Mr. Rote, had no 9 reason to believe that he would not be successful in 10 any of the lawsuits against him at the outset. The 11 Court in Perry (phonetic) further established that 12 probable cause to file civil litigation requires a 13 reasonable belief before the claim is filed.

Again, the plaintiff has failed to present evidence that defendant not have reason to believe that he would not be successful in a lawsuit between the parties before the claim was filed, as Mr. Zweizig had already procured the judgment against Mr. Rote and had been attempting to collect on that judgment for years.

21 Regarding the malice prong, which is 22 otherwise referred to in this light as the existence 23 of a primary purpose of (indiscernible) securing 24 adjudication of the claim, the lack of malice is clear 25 in this instance.

Defendant had no other agenda when filing the action against the plaintiff (indiscernible) making a reasonable and rational attempt to enforce this judgment against the plaintiff.

5 In the plaintiff's initial complaint in this 6 proceeding, in Paragraph 7 and 13, Mr. Rote references 7 the case 19CV01547, which is the judgment and 8 collection matter regarding my client's million-dollar 9 judgment against the defendant.

10 While there was an award of summary judgment 11 to Mr. Rote on part of the claim in that case, 12 Mr. Rote has failed to present evidence or statements 13 from the Court that establish that Mr. Zweizig had 14 either no probable cause to bring the claim or that 15 the claim was brought with malice in that time.

16 The plaintiff has also failed to identify 17 that Mr. Zweizig satisfied his judgment on Mr. Rote's 18 property in the same case on November 15th, 2022 after 19 the Court allowed him to do so.

Excuse me. The plaintiff has used this lawsuit in a continuing effort to put incorrect and defamatory information into the public record in an attempt to damage my client's reputation and has presented no substantiated information to support or even suggest that there are issues of material fact

present in this case regarding the existence of malice
 or lack of probable cause.

3 It is, in fact, the plaintiff who is 4 continuously engaging in frivolous litigation simply 5 to harass my client. In short, plaintiff has failed 6 to establish to any reasonable degree evidence to 7 support his current claims against the defendant in 8 this matter.

9 Defendant has acted fully in accordance with 10 the legal rights to attempt to enforce his judgment 11 against the plaintiff that defendant had acquired in 12 a previous lawsuit. And plaintiff brought this claim 13 in an attempt to delay or distract from said judgment 14 collection.

15 The decision of the plaintiff in the 16 collection matter to force the defendant to go after 17 his assets as opposed to just paying the judgment was 18 the decision of the plaintiff and was not a decision 19 of my client in that event. That is all, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Rote. 21 MR. ROTE: (Indiscernible).

22THE COURT: Make sure that you're -- yeah,23go ahead.

24 MR. ROTE: I believe it's clear that -- that 25 Mr. Zweizig did bring an action in 19CV01547 and it's

equally clear that I prevailed on that at summary
 judgment. He brought that action on three properties:
 First, my wife's rental property she acquired in 2003.

Mr. Zweizig's judgment was November 2018.
You're aware the fraudulent statutes have a look-back
period of about four years and the transfers have to
be made without reasonably equivalent value.

Also he attempted to unravel the use of an equity line in my home. And, finally, a Sunriver property that my wife owns, he pursued that. Those first two properties, the rental and the home equity line, were defeated in summary judgment in the first four months after he filed the complaint.

14 The Sunriver property, the Court permitted 15 discovery to see if there was any fraudulent transfer 16 on that Sunriver property. Then we proceeded to a 17 hearing on summary judgment where the Court gave Mr. Zweizig a lot of opportunity to try to establish 18 19 that there was any credible evidence to show on his part that the property was fraudulently transferred in 20 21 2012, a full six -- at least six years before his --22 his -- his judgment and a full six-plus years after 23 he -- before hearing brought his claim.

24 We prevailed on summary judgment on the 25 Sunriver property in March of 2021. He appealed

through the Oregon Court of Appeals. He was - summary judgment was sustained. He asked for a
 motion for reconsideration of the petition and we
 sustained that.

5 The Oregon Court of Appeals denied that 6 reconsideration. He has acted out in multiple cases 7 with the thinnest of evidence that, even after he was 8 presented credible evidence of a tax return within 9 the first three months and contracts, he refused to 10 withdraw this case.

11 And he required us to hire legal counsel and 12 incur substantial damages over that period of time 13 and, again, did not get past summary judgment on any 14 of these properties, although the Sunriver property he 15 was permitted discovery on.

16 My questions of probable cause, I recognize 17 that there's an affirmative defense of having legal 18 counsel. But I have argued in my brief that the 19 reliance on legal counsel -- that there must be evidence that he brings forward that his reliance of 20 21 counsel was in good faith and whether or not the 22 reliance was preceded by a full and frank disclosure 23 of the pertinent facts.

And he has not provided a declaration from counsel that any of that is true based on my research

that this is a question of fact for the jury, citing
 Lampos v. Bazar and SPS of Oregon, Inc.

I've also cited multiple retaliatory actions he took in addition and in this case and in another case where he sought to sheriff sell my home when it was already sold and going through the process of closing, refused to remove liens when he had no ability to collect against that house or --

9 THE COURT: I thought -- just a second. 10 I -- I -- I wonder if we're not getting a little 11 beyond what has been submitted on summary judgment. 12 Is that -- I -- I recall the arguments about the --13 the two cases, the one -- the summary -- summary 14 judgment -- or the two instances that went to 15 summary judgment.

And I understand that you would -- that there was a -- a lis pendens filed when you were trying to sell the house. The house doesn't get sold until title passes, so lis pendens is a way of preserving an interest while a -- an action is going on.

But I -- I want to really direct your comments to the issue of malice because that's where the -- the problem lies. The fact that the other action has been resolved in your favor is an element,

1 but that's not the hardest element.

2 The -- the evidence of some proof, some 3 interest other than the desire to collect on an outstanding judgment is the point that I want you 4 to -- to direct your comments on. 5 MR. ROTE: I'm trying to do that. In fact, 6 7 what I outlined in the brief was these multiple events that I think implicate malice. And those events 8 included his efforts to interfere with the sale of the 9 10 home, interfere with the Sunriver property --THE COURT: So those are the -- the actions, 11 12 themselves, aren't they, that you're complaining on. 13 You can't -- I -- I don't think that it's proof of malice -- I know it isn't proof of malice -- merely --14 15 MR. ROTE: (Indiscernible) --16 THE COURT: -- to show the same thing again, 17 which was that actions were undertaken, legal actions 18 were undertaken. So the question is, what proof is 19 there of an interest other than the collection of the outstanding judgment? 20 21 MR. ROTE: (Indiscernible) to the record 22 where he consistently refers to and acknowledges 23 that -- that he's identified me as a rich person and, 24 therefore, that's one of his motivating pack factors. 25 THE COURT: I'm sorry, I -- I -- it -- I'm

sorry. I -- I just couldn't hear what your comment 1 2 was. I didn't hear what you said and I want to hear 3 what you said. MR. ROTE: (Indiscernible) to the record 4 that he specifically identified one of his motivations 5 6 as the -- given the fact that I was a rich person, 7 that he identified me as a rich and that I thought I 8 was getting away with something. THE COURT: Is -- is that something --9 MR. ROTE: (Indiscernible) --10 THE COURT: -- is that something in the 11 12 record here --13 MR. ROTE: It's something (indiscernible) --14 THE COURT: -- in this motion? 15 MR. ROTE: Summary judgment (indiscernible). 16 THE COURT: You're going to have to lean 17 forward when you speak because when you lean back, I notice that it -- your voice drops and I can't 18 19 hear it. MR. ROTE: My voice is low anyway, 20 21 Your Honor, so it is difficult. But, yes, he did make 22 reference to the fact that I was a rich person. He -and was, therefore, motivated. 23 24 He's made -- simply refusing to -- and he 25 also acknowledged simply refusing to acknowledge

evidence that the Court found highly credible, like 1 2 tax returns of (indiscernible) --3 THE COURT: I -- I'm sorry. When I refer to the record, I am referring to materials that have been 4 submitted on this motion. So --5 6 MR. ROTE: Those materials were submitted by 7 declaration, Your Honor. THE COURT: I -- let me see. Let me see if 8 I can find it. 9 (Pause in proceedings, 2:50 p.m. -10 11 2:51 p.m.) 12 MR. ROTE: Your Honor, I -- I identify it as --13 14 THE COURT: I'm sorry, it just takes me a 15 little while and I can only -- I -- I have to search 16 through the electronic record. 17 MR. ROTE: I identified it as Exhibit 4, 18 Page 55. 19 THE COURT: Can you -- well, I'll find it eventually, I suppose. Here --20 21 MR. ROTE: I'll also argue, though, that 22 malice is a question for the jury. This is a 23 pre-discovery --24 THE COURT: Well, there's a question --25 I'm sorry. I can't do two things at one time, so

1 if you --

2

MR. ROTE: Okay.

3 THE COURT: Okay. I'll go back to the -- to 4 this screen because I can't both look at that screen 5 and hear what you say. Now, on the -- on the issue of 6 questions for the jury, there are only issues for a 7 jury if the case passes summary judgment.

And in order to get past summary judgment on issues raised by the motion, then the party who has the burden of proof on those issues -- and that would be you as to the specific -- as to the elements of the claim, itself -- has to present some admissible evidence to show that there is a triable issue on the question.

15 Did you -- do you understand what I'm 16 saying there?

17

MR. ROTE: I do.

18 THE COURT: Okay. Well, perhaps if it is --19 if I am mistaken about whether or not there is a -- a 20 declaration that includes the material that you've 21 mentioned, then perhaps Mr. Beguin will raise that 22 issue. But I will take your word for it that it's 23 somewhere in a declaration.

24 But, once again, evidence that there was an 25 objective other than the prosecution of the claims. MR. ROTE: Yes. I think we've -- I have attempted to provide evidence of consistent behavior, including historical behavior on -- including citation to a federal case where he also lost a fraudulent transfer case and should have been well educated on the rules.

7 And I included that also in the record. In
8 fact, I have 24 exhibits that I included.

9 THE COURT: There was a great deal in your 10 submission that I must say that I kind of zipped past 11 because I could not begin to understand the relevance 12 of some materials about scurrilous behavior that had 13 nothing to do with the questions raised by this 14 lawsuit.

So I may have overlooked that, but let me tell you this. Malice, for this purpose, consists of a purpose other than the pursuit of the claim. And the argument that he should have known that he didn't have a claim, that's not evidence of malice.

Argument that it was -- that he had other unsuccessful claims in other cases is not proof of malice. Malice would be proof that the individual was, say, an estranged marital partner and simply wanted to impose harm without rely -- without regard to the lawsuit involved.

Malice would include, for instance, a purpose merely to place on the record scurrilous claims that weren't related to a legal right. That might be malice. So what have you that shows that there was a purpose here other than the purpose of an outstanding judgment?

7 MR. ROTE: Acknowledgement on the record 8 that he had no evidence to prove his case, his 9 acknowledgement on the record that he was trying 10 to hold me accountable as a rich person. His -- I 11 think his behavior -- I've identified his behavior as 12 repeating acts of malice because of his general enmity 13 that he has towards me over (indiscernible).

14 THE COURT: It would be helpful to me if 15 I could understand -- when you simply say you have shown acts of malice, that doesn't illuminate what 16 17 you're talking about as being an act of malice. He doesn't -- it's not malice if he doesn't like you. 18 MR. ROTE: No, I understand. 19 THE COURT: It's not -- you know, it's 20 21 not -- that's not malice. Malice is a --22 MR. ROTE: He's --23 THE COURT: -- purpose other than the 24 pursuit of a legal claim. I'm sorry, I can't hear

25 you again.

MR. ROTE: I said understand you like 1 2 Mr. Zweizig's position. I understand. But 3 probable --THE COURT: You understand what? 4 5 MR. ROTE: I said I understand that you like Mr. Zweizig's position in this case. I appreciate the 6 7 fact that you do. 8 THE COURT: I did not say that. And a comment of that sort is precisely the type of comment 9 which can result in a bad outcome, which includes 10 Contempt of Court. But it -- I -- that doesn't rise 11 12 to Contempt of Court. I -- I'm not saying it bothers 13 me that much. 14 But I want you to behave as if you were 15 a lawyer, which is to say with composure and with 16 dignity and without attacking the Court. 17 MR. ROTE: Okay. My arguments have included 18 that probable cause and the absence of probable cause may implicate malice as well. And I believe the 19 record shows that he had no evidence to support his 20 21 positions in this case, in Case 19CV01547 and in other 22 actions he took. 23 THE COURT: Okay. Anything further? 24 All right. Mr. Beguin. 25 MR. BEGUIN: Thank you, Your Honor. Can you

1 hear me still?

25

2 THE COURT: Yes. 3 MR. BEGUIN: Awesome. I'll be quick. First, to address the -- the defense that he brought 4 5 up of reliance of counsel and good faith, while 6 Mr. Rote has not given the Court any reason to believe 7 that Mr. Zweizig acted without probable cause on the collection matters, even in the unlikely event that 8 Mr. Zweizig improperly collected on this judgment, 9 considering the information available to him at this 10 time, Mr. Zweizig was represented in all matters 11 12 against Mr. Rote and, therefore, acted with reasonable 13 reliance and in good faith that he had a valid claim 14 from the advice of his attorney.

While Mr. Rote argues the good-faith requirement of this, he has also failed to present evidence which shows that the defendant in this case lacked that good faith when defendant got his counsel's advice.

20 Regarding the statements of Mr. Zweizig --21 and you'll have to excuse me. I couldn't find the --22 the exact quote in the declaration in the interim 23 during the discussion. However, I remember it to a 24 certain extent.

And I believe Mr. Zweizig's statement was

1 taken out of context. Mr. Zweizig stated that 2 Mr. Rote was a rich person and was, therefore -- or 3 excuse me. Mr. Zweizig never stated that Mr. Rote was a rich person -- rich person and was, therefore, 4 motivated to move forward. 5 6 All that Mr. Zweizig said was that Mr. Rote 7 is rich and, therefore, should not have an issue paying the judgment which is owed to my client in 8 this -- at this current time. 9 Likewise, Mr. Rote has failed to present any 10 11 evidence to suggest that Mr. Zweizig could not have 12 reasonably relied on counsel in order to meet any of 13 the defenses to the claims that he's brought forth. That is all, Your Honor. 14 15 THE COURT: Reliance on -- reliance on 16 counsel is, in fact, an -- an affirmative defense. So 17 as to that, you have the burden of -- of establishing 18 that there is a lack of an issue rely -- as to 19 reliance on counsel and that's a hard thing to claim 20 on summary judgment. 21 MR. BEGUIN: Of course. 22 THE COURT: Go -- go ahead. I didn't mean 23 to cut you off.

24 MR. BEGUIN: Oh, no -- no, you're fine, 25 Your Honor. That -- that's all I have on the

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rebuttal, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, as -- as should not come to any great surprise, the law does not look particularly kindly on claims that make -- that -that extend the dispute by making, first, the dispute resolved and then the dispute over whether there should have been the dispute and so on and so forth.

8 Cases in all but the most extraordinary 9 circumstances should conclude when they conclude. If 10 there is a -- a grounds for seeking attorney's fees in 11 that case, then they're claimed in that case, not in 12 the subsequent case.

And here what we have is a showing that these claims in the collection actions were resolved in -- in the plaintiff's favor -- that is to say (indiscernible) favor -- and that -- and, arguably, we can argue or someone can argue about probable cause.

18 But the requirement of a showing of malice, 19 legal malice, requires a showing of a purpose other than the pursuit of the claims. And the fact that 20 21 that is a requirement of this cause of action reflects 22 the reluctance of the Court to extend litigation to 23 subsequent cases which are only about the initial litigation. And that could, of course, go on 24 25 indefinitely.

1 It is necessary to show that there's a 2 purpose other than the pursuit of the litigation. 3 And on this record, there has not been evidence of a 4 purpose other than the collection of the outstanding 5 judgment.

And so summary judgment should enter in favor of the defense on this -- on this -- on this record. And I'll sign an order to that extent -- or to that effect and I can submit that. Mr. Beguin can submit that electronically and I can -- and I can sign it. I do hope --

MR. BEGUIN: Yes, Your Honor.

12

13 THE COURT: Yes. I do hope that this will 14 conclude these kind of -- these -- these kind of 15 collateral litigations. I hope that we don't now have 16 a claim on behalf of the defendant here for malicious 17 initiation of civil litigation, that it -- that it can 18 end here.

And I certainly hope that statements that are made in the pleadings which are personal about various participants are never reflected outside of absolutely privileged circumstances. If -- if some of the -- the documents and -- and I -- I assume that you know who I'm talking -- talking about.

25 If some of these documents were read on the

1	street corner, there would be a very successful claim
2	for defamation. And so with that, I hope this is the
3	end of this litigation. Thank you all.
4	MR. BEGUIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
5	THE CLERK: We're off record.
6	* * *
7	(Conclusion of Proceedings,
8	4-5-23 at 3:05 p.m.)
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2	TRANSCRIBER'S CERTIFICATE
3	I certify, by signing below, that the
4	foregoing is a correct transcript, of the audio record
5	in the above-entitled cause, as recorded on digital
6	audio and transcribed to the best of my ability and in
7	accordance to the quality of the audio recording.
8	The last of the la
9	BRIAN KEAST
10	Legal Transcriptionist KR Transcription
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